

Code of Ethics and Conduct for Members

By joining Mediation Institute as Professional Mediator under the National Mediator Accreditation System (NMAS), Family Dispute Resolution Practitioner (FDRP), Family Group Conference Facilitator or Mediation Student you confirm that you comply with the following Code of Ethics and Conduct.

Professional Conduct

- 1. To behave in a way that demonstrates good character. Good character is defined as being honest, demonstrating integrity and a respect for the law in your professional and private life. This includes but is not limited to:
 - a) Maintaining confidentiality as agreed with clients and not using information obtained in professional practice for personal gain or advantage.
 - b) Refraining from threats or the use of violence in your personal and professional life.
 - c) Upholding your duty of care to protect people from exposure to violence or threats of violence to the extent that it is possible without jeopardising your own personal safety.
- 2. To disclose to Mediation Institute at the time of application for membership, or if the issue arises during the term of your membership as soon as practical, any of the following:
 - a) any criminal convictions.¹
 - b) if you have been disqualified from any type of professional practice.²
 - c) if you have ever been refused NMAS accreditation or accreditation renewal or had your accreditation suspended or cancelled.
 - d) any impairment that could influence your capacity to discharge your obligations in a competent, honest, and professional manner.
- 3. To be aware of and comply with:
 - a) the NMAS Approval Standards and Practice Standards,
 - b) the Family Law (Family Dispute Resolution Practitioners) Regulation 2008 (if a FDRP),
 - c) any other professional standards and any other requirements relevant to you.
- 4. To be honest in terms of marketing your professional services as a mediator including:

¹ A criminal conviction does not automatically mean that you are ineligible for membership or accreditation however convictions for crimes related to violence, sexual abuse, child abuse or dishonesty may.

² A disqualification from professional practice does not automatically mean that you are ineligible for membership. A failure to disclose would indicate a lack of integrity and would significantly increase the likelihood that you would not be accepted for membership.

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- a) Accurately representing your qualifications and experience as a dispute resolution professional.
- b) Providing accurate information about your practices and procedures so that potential clients can make an informed decision about making use of your services.
- c) Not promising that an agreement or any specific outcome can be achieved from a dispute resolution process or implying that promise.
- d) Being clear about the basis on which all fees, costs and additional charges will be levied, including any hourly rate, before the dispute resolution process commences.
- e) To clearly indicate your role when acting in the capacity of dispute resolution professional, especially if you have additional professional roles such as a lawyer, psychologist, counsellor, advocate, advisor, or other role.
- f) If a FDR Practitioner to comply with Regulation 28 in providing the <u>Information to be</u> given to parties before Family Dispute Resolution
- 5. To keep private and confidential information private by:
 - a) Storing and disposing of any records from dispute resolution services securely
 - b) Refraining from providing information or evidence about anything that occurs in dispute resolution without the permission of the party or parties who disclosed the information unless required by law.
- 6. To disclose private and confidential information if:
 - a) You reasonably believe that it is necessary to prevent or report an imminent threat of harm to a person or property or a crime related to harm to a person or property or
 - b) It is required or permitted by law to release private and confidential information.
- 7. To avoid bias and conflict of interest and the perception of bias or conflict of interest by:
 - a) Withdrawing from any case where you do not believe that you can facilitate the process fairly.
 - b) By informing the participants of any situation where there may reasonably be grounds for a perception of bias or conflict of interest, even if you do not feel that you will be biased or conflicted.
 - c) Potential grounds for conflict of interest include:
 - previously acting in a professional capacity (other than as a mediator, FDRP, family counsellor or arbitrator),
 - ii. previous commercial dealings,
 - iii. a personal acquaintance.
 - d) Dispute resolution services should only be provided if there is a potential conflict of interest if:
 - i. Each party to the dispute resolution process agrees ,and
 - ii. The previous professional dealings (if any) do not relate to the issues in dispute, or

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- iii. The previous commercial dealings (if any) are not of a kind that could reasonably be expected to influence you in the provision of mediation services.
- e) Refraining from acting in an advocate or other professional role for one party only after you have provided dispute resolution services, without the permission of all parties to do so.
- f) Permission to proceed if there is a potential conflict of interest or a subsequent individual role with one party is agreed to should be documented in writing and signed by all parties.
- 8. To ensure that your professional insurances always remain current.

Conduct when providing dispute resolution services.

- 9. To provide dispute resolution services only when you have competence to do so and to seek support, a co-facilitator or mentor when you are unsure of your competence in a specific situation or scenario.
- 10. To prepare appropriately for dispute resolution and only provide your professional services in a location where the participants privacy and confidentiality can be protected (to their level of comfort).
- 11. To ensure that a pre-mediation assessment has been conducted in any dispute and that the dispute resolution process proposed is appropriate. If any party in the dispute is not able to negotiate freely due to an imbalance of power or threats mediation may not be an appropriate process.
- 12. In deciding if the dispute resolution process is appropriate the dispute resolution professional must take into account:
 - a) Any history of violence / family violence (if any) among the parties,
 - b) The likely safety of the parties,
 - c) The equality of bargaining power among the parties,
 - d) The risk that a child may be abused,
 - e) The emotional, psychological, and physical health of the parties,
 - f) Any other matter that the dispute resolution professional considers relevant to the dispute resolution process.
- 13. To uphold the integrity and fairness of the dispute resolution process by:
 - a) Facilitating dispute resolution in a way that is fair, unbiased and without any personal gain from any specific outcome.
 - b) Avoiding conflict of interest.
- 14. To use an Agreement to Mediate or other document to provide the client with clear and accurate information about your processes, costs, roles, how to access the NMAS (if a NMAS accredited mediator) and how a participant can make a complaint if they do not believe that the process was facilitated in accordance with their expectations.
- 15. To not use any information gained during the dispute resolution process or to act as an advocate or in any other professional capacity in relation to the same subject without the

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express permission in writing from both parties.

- 16. To uphold self-determination and communicate with all participants in a fair, respectful and sensitive manner.
- 17. To facilitate the dispute resolution process professionally, supporting participants to engage in the process without demonstrating bias.
- 18. To suspend or terminate the dispute resolution process if it becomes evident to you that it is no longer appropriate or that it could be detrimental to one or more of the participants or yourself.
- 19. To only provide legal advice and/or expert information when you have the expertise and qualifications to do so and then only when:
 - a) It supports the decision-making of the participants.
 - b) When it is agreed by all participants in advance that advice and/or expert information may be provided e.g. specified as part of your role in your Agreement to Mediate.
- 20. To respond to any complaints proactively, respectfully, and professionally including providing information about how to escalate a complaint or grievance to your independent complaint handling service if a client is not satisfied with your internal response.

Professional Development

- 21. To comply with the professional development standards required for dispute resolution professionals. Unless otherwise specified this would include participating in a minimum of 24 hours of education, training, or professional development in your dispute resolution methodologies in each 24-month period starting from your accreditation date.
- 22. To support the dispute resolution industry by upholding standards, supporting new entrants, and advocating alternative dispute resolution as an alternative to adversarial processes, where appropriate.
- 23. To work collaboratively with others in your industry to ensure that clients receive the information, support, and other services they need to resolve their disputes in a way that supports self-determination.
- 24. To comply with and cooperate in maintaining the quality, qualifications, and standards of dispute resolution practice.
- 25. To actively engage with any feedback, supervision or complaints made about or to you as a dispute resolution professional while protecting confidential client information.

Further Information

Mediation Institutes Code of Ethics is aligned with the <u>NMAS Mediator Accreditation and Practice</u> Standards (NMAS) and the Family Law (Family Dispute Resolution Practitioners) Regulations 2008.

If there is a complaint made against you we will consider it in accordance with the Mi Independent Complaint Handling Service. https://www.mediationinstitute.edu.au/complaint-handling-service/